

The Fresno Weekly Republican

VOL. XVIII.

FRESNO, FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1894.

NO. 21

A FRAUD IS EXPOSED

Pomona People Investigate Spiritualism.

A LADY ENTERED THE CABINET

His Supposed Occupant Absent, Playing the "Departed," Voiced in a Sheet.

POMONA, October 9.—T. A. Wilcox and wife, spiritualists, were exposed last night by Rev. A. C. Dowse, City Attorney W. A. Bell and other prominent men and women. Mrs. Wilcox occupied a cabinet, and through her audience was brought into communication with the dead and living in person. While one of the "departed" was present, voiced with a sheet, Mrs. Wilcox entered the cabinet where Mrs. Wilcox was supposed to be but was not, as she was playing the "departed." Wilcox caught Mrs. Bowles by the throat, pulled her out of the cabinet, choked her and was about to beat her, when City Attorney Bell prevented further violence. Wilcox was at once arrested for assaulting Mrs. Bowles and will be tried by jury. The popular verdict is that the fraud was completely exposed.

A WITNESS CONFESSES.

He Killed a Man While Crazed With Liquor.

MORRIS YAKIMA, Wash., October 9.—Early in the morning of June 18th last Tex. Bagwell, a notorious gambler, was shot in the back and killed while going home. His murderer was never discovered, but Frank Lavergne, Omar Harvey and L. D. Joslyn were arrested on complaint of Detective Willis. They demanded separate trials, and Lavergne's trial commenced today. Omar Harvey, one of the three defendants, was called as a witness and made a full confession. He is 19 years old. He said that while crazed with liquor he waited in the shadow for Bagwell's approach and killed him with a rifle shot. Harvey said that Lavergne told him he had been offered \$2000 by Mrs. Bagwell to put her husband out of the way, and that Lavergne offered him half. He refused to commit the crime until Lavergne made him drunk and thrust the rifle into his hands.

Dynamite Guns for San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, October 9.—The war department is arranging to begin at once the construction of a battery of dynamite guns in San Francisco harbor similar to that in place at Sandy Hook, but the exception that will consist of three 15-inch guns instead of two 15-inch and one 8-inch guns. The guns will be placed temporarily at Fort Winfield Scott, where a masonry platform has already been prepared, but it is the intention of the department to remove the battery at a future date to Point Diablo.

New York's Third Party.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The third ticket party at a meeting this evening at the office of E. M. Shepard, decided to nominate the following ticket: Governor, Everett P. Wheeler of New York City; lieutenant governor, Daniel M. Lockwood of Buffalo; judge of the court of appeals, Charles F. Brown of Orange county. Everett P. Wheeler has announced his acceptance of the nomination. Mr. Shepard said that Messrs. Brown and Lockwood had also accepted nominations.

A Restraining Suit.

SANTA ROSA, October 9.—Suit was commenced today by C. S. Parquhar and Gill P. Hall, attorneys, against the city council to restrain them from letting a contract for the building of the new municipal water works. The contract was recently let to Robert E. Egan of Santa Cruz for \$161,000, and the suit is based upon the fact that the council's action is in violation of city statutes prohibiting the incurring of debts under certain conditions.

The Word "Wool" Defined.

WASHINGTON, October 9.—The attorney general has rendered an opinion that the word "wool," as used in paragraph 207 of the new tariff act, refers to hair sheep only, and that the new duties under schedule K, upon articles made of the hair of other animals, went immediately into effect on the act taking effect. Customs officers will be governed accordingly. Collectors who have figured all entries covering goods classified contrary to above instructions.

Ventura Liquor License.

VENTURA, October 9.—Acting upon the recent decision of the supreme court establishing the right of incorporated towns to control the liquor traffic within their corporate limits regardless of any legislation by boards of county supervisors, the town council has instructed the city attorney to prepare an ordinance fixing liquor licenses at \$600 per annum. Therefore the county has collected \$300, and the city a like amount.

The A.P.A. Answered.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., October 9.—The American Protective association sent John L. Sharpstein, Democratic candidate for supreme judge, a copy of its platform with a request for an immediate opinion of each section thereof. Sharpstein answered that he is opposed to precluding any person by reason of his religious belief and that he is opposed to a diversion of public money for the support of any private school.

Oregon Murderer Confesses.

PORTLAND, Or., October 9.—"Bumco" Kelly has made a full confession to the part he played in the murder of George W. Sayre, whose body was found floating in the river between Astoria and Mersey docks last Friday morning. Chief of Police Minto declines to reveal the nature of the confession.

Estee at Willows.

WILLOWS, October 9.—M. M. Estee and party arrived here today. The town was crowded with strangers. Special trains were run from Fruto and Orland. Hundreds were unable to gain admission to the hall.

The Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 9.—Wheat—Dull; December, 84½¢; May, 82½¢. Corn—\$1.30. Bran—\$14.50 per ton.

SENTENCE COMMUTED.

A Santa Barbara Murderer Declared Insane by Experts.

SAN QUENTIN, October 9.—Governor Markham has commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of Antonio Vital, who was to have been hanged in the penitentiary here on Friday next for the murder of a Chinese washhouse keeper at Santa Barbara. Dr. A. C. Clark, superintendent of the Stockton insane asylum, and Dr. A. M. Gardner, superintendent of the Napa insane asylum, examined the prisoner and both pronounced him unquestionably insane. Gardner says he will probably continue insane as long as he lives. In his report to Warden Hale Dr. Gardner declared should the officials carry the execution into effect it would be nothing less than judicial murder. In accordance with the recommendations of the doctors the death sentence has been commuted and Vital will be sent to an insane asylum immediately.

Japanese Capture Chee Foo.

LONDON, October 9.—A dispatch to the Times from Yokohama, dated Wednesday, repeats the report of the capture of Chee Foo and adds that the Japanese have landed troops at Tansu, near Port Arthur. A correspondent at Hongkong telegraphs under date of today that the Chinese have closed Foo Chow in preparation for a siege. A panic prevails at Peking.

Two World's Records Broken

AT SACRAMENTO.

But for an Accident Ziegler Would Have Set Another Mark.

SACRAMENTO, October 10.—Two world's bicycle records went down in the dust of Agricultural park in this city today. One was the quarter-mile flying start, unopposed, class A., the record for which was 28.5 seconds. L. S. Upson of the Sacramento Athletic Club's wheelmen covered the distance in 27.5 seconds. Otto Ziegler of San Jose went out to lower the record for unopposed class B. riders the same distance, which is 26.5. He got a splendid start, and covered the first eighth in twenty seconds. He was near the goal and going like the wind, when one of the spokes of his wheel snapped and caused him to slow up. It was the unanimous opinion that but for the accident, he would have made the quarter in less than twenty-five seconds. Late in the afternoon he tried it again, but the hard practice work of the day had begun to tell on him, yet he made the quarter within one second of the world's record. Deinas and Long rode the tandem half-mile unopposed. The eighth was made in 12.3-5, and the distance in 24.5-5 seconds—two seconds under the record.

Charley Wells tried to lower the half-mile, but had pacing bothered him.

His time was 54.3-5.

SATOLLI'S DECISION.

Bishop Watterson on the Saloon Business.

CHICAGO, October 10.—Bishop Watterson addressed a large audience tonight at a meeting to honor the memory of Father Mathew. His speech dealt with the controversy regarding the recent decision of Mrs. Satolli against saloon keepers. Watterson said the saloon business was not an evil in itself. The Catholic church does not excommunicate business men because they sell liquor. The great injury that has been done to the progress of our faith in America is the disgrace inflicted upon it by those Catholics, and their name is legion, who are abusing the saloon business to their own infamy and dishonor of the church. Saloon keepers, nominally Catholics, who conduct their business in an unlawful and immoral manner are not much affected by the church or excommunicated for they seldom resort to either. If the liquor traffic becomes so outrageous, bold and defiant as to be controlled in no other way, then let the saloons be legally wiped out. In God's name and in the name of our outraged community the liquor traffic is being wiped out the better for the community.

Acting in Harmony.

LONDON, October 9.—The Associated Press learns on the best authority that the European authorities are acting in harmony. They do not intend to permit the integrity of Korea to be disturbed, and will actively enforce this decision should Japan attempt a permanent occupation of the peninsula.

Lumber Destroyed.

TACOMA, Wash., October 9.—The St. Paul and Tacoma Lumber company lost 1000-80 feet of finished lumber today which caught fire in the dry house and was completely destroyed. The mill and valuable machinery narrowly escaped destruction. The loss was \$30,000.

Noted Racers Matched.

NASHVILLE, October 10.—The Cumberland Park Association has arranged a match race between Robert J. John R. Gentry, Hal Braden and Joe Talcott, October 19, for \$4,000.

Alk Goes Against Her Record.

LEXINGTON, Ky., October 10.—Alk started twice against her record, but the conditions were not favorable to fast time and she made only 2:08½ and 2:10. John R. Gentry paced a mile in 2:05½.

Budd at Red Bluff.

RED BLUFF, October 9.—James H. Budd and party were enthusiastically received here today. They were greeted by a brass band and citizens in carriages. The speeches were well received.

Democrats Condemn Hill.

BROOKLYN, October 9.—Resolutions were adopted tonight by the Brooklyn Democratic club condemning Hill and the present state of the Democratic organization.

Mine Explosion.

SEATTLE, Wash., October 9.—An explosion occurred in the Newcastle mine this afternoon. One man was killed and two injured, probably fatally.

JAPANESE IN CHINA

Rumored Landing of 40,000 Troops.

THE TELEGRAPH WIRES CUT

The Chinese Fleet Has Been Repaired and Will Proceed to Sea.

SHANGHAI, October 10.—It is rumored that 40,000 Japanese troops have landed near Haikou on the boundary between the Chinese provinces of Manchuria and Chi Li, at the eastern end of the great wall which traverses China. The telegraph wires have been cut. A report, classed here as unreliable, says the Japanese have effected a landing near New Chwang, in the gulf of Loo Ton. Several Japanese warships have been sighted off Yaku. Another report is that after a skirmish which took place north of the Yalu river yesterday, the Japanese were driven back across the river. Advice from Port Arthur says that repairs of the Chinese fleet engaged in the battle of Yalu river have been completed, and that the fleet will proceed to sea today. Sun Huiwan, where the Japanese are reported to have landed 40,000 troops, is on the railroad building from Tientsin to Moukden, and is of great strategic importance. The opinion is expressed that the Japanese are in no hurry to march on to Peking. A building falls.

A BUILDING FALLS.

Sleeping Tenants Buried Under the Ruins.

NEW YORK, October 10.—Eight persons dead, one child missing and thirteen individuals were seriously injured by the collapse of a new eight-story building on Monroe street at 4 o'clock this morning. The structure fell upon a house adjoining and in the rear, both places being filled with sleeping tenants who were buried under the tremendous ruins. Scarcely had neighbors aroused, and the debris of bricks and beams and mortar. From the ruins they took the dead and injured. The new building was completed yesterday afternoon. The fury of the gale crashed the building down, and the debris fell to the ground. Two eyes were seen from the building toppled and fell. The building is said to have been badly constructed. The owner of the building was arrested and released on parole. The contractor cannot be found by the police.

Kelly Reputed.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The Democratic state central committee has issued a notice to voters which states that the committee has repudiated the nomination of Joseph Kelly as congressman from the Fifth district, and urges the election of James Denman, who has been nominated by petition. Kelly was nominated by the regular district convention, and was subsequently released on parole. There is another grave error in which the special and bitter antagonists of Mr. Estee have fallen. They say that Mr. Estee was elected as a member of the Democratic ticket in 1873. Another mistake. Mr. Estee was not an elector on the Greeley ticket, nor an alternate nor a member of the State Central committee. The records in the archives of the legislature show that Estee did not oppose nor vote against the adoption of the federal constitution. He informed the committee of the legislature that he was a Lincoln. These two charges are permanently disposed of.

Two More Miners Dead.

SEATTLE, Wash., October 10.—Two more men are dead as a result of the dust explosion at the New Castle coal mine yesterday. They are George Dobson and David J. Boyd, and it is expected two more will die, which will bring the fatalities up to five. Glen, the colored driver, is still unconscious and cannot live long. Coroner Houghton and Mine Inspector Edmunds are on the ground and an inquest will be held. The mine will be put in shape for work tomorrow.

Wounded by a Footpad.

RESO, Nev., October 10.—Lee Hawcraft, a young man 26 years old, was shot and fatally wounded by a footpad early this evening. He was waylaid by a man with a handkerchief over his face who demanded his money. When Hawcraft said he had no money the man pulled a pistol and Hawcraft gripped him with his hands. The robber shot him through the breast and escaped. The town is full of desperate characters, and half an hour before this occurrence two ladies were attacked at the depot.

Santa Ana Races.

SANTA ANA, October 10.—Pescador won the three-quarter mile dash and repeat, Centinella second. Time, 1:15½. In the 2.27 class the first heat was a dead heat between Willie W. and John W. The race was unfinished, Willie W. winning two heats, with Abner second, Gray Jim third. Best time, 2:17½.

Catholics Attacked by Baptists.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The Central Baptist Association resumed its session here today. Reports on Chinese missions and home missionary work were read. In a discussion of the latter report Rev. Ray Palmer of Stockton attacked the Catholic church, and accused Protestant denominations of sleeping while the church of Rome is pillaging the country in an embrace that it may soon be impossible to loosen.

Manufacturing Company Assigns.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The Phelps Manufacturing Company, iron foundry and bridge and cable car builders, assigned to F. G. J. Marston today for the benefit of their creditors. Neither the assets nor liabilities are stated. The company has been financially embarrassed for some time.

Budd at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—Thousands of Democrats filled Union hall last night to listen to James H. Budd and William Jeter, candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor. The speakers were given a rousing reception and their arguments were loudly applauded.

Western Passenger Association.

CHICAGO, October 10.—At the meeting of the Western Passenger Association today the proposition of the Illinois Central to put in effect a round trip rate to California from Chicago of \$100 via New Orleans was defeated.

Another Industrial Army.

OAKLAND, October 10.—It transpires that another industrial army is being formed in this city by General Kelley, and if all goes well until next spring an army of loafers will commence the tedious march to the capital. The present headquarters of the army is a big tent on Eighth street, which is used as a meeting place in the daytime and as a place of rest by the overworked mortals and breakneck tourists that make up the latest addition to the great body of tramps that infest California during the winter.

An Aeronaut Injured.

VANCOUVER, B. C., October 10.—Professor Soper, an aeronaut from Saginaw, Mich., made a balloon ascent at Westminster this afternoon. After performing on the trapeze of the balloon Soper was to make the descent by parachute. The current, however, carried him to the desired point, and he suddenly descended in the Frazer river. Soper was much injured and nearly drowned, and it is feared he will not recover.

What Henry is Trying to Do.

STOCKTON, October 10.—Henry French, prohibition candidate for governor, and O. H. Dunn, the nominee for lieutenant-governor, addressed a large meeting here tonight in Pioneer hall. Mr. French's speech was very well received. He referred to the fact that he had been accused of making a Democratic speech at Fresno, a Republican speech at Los Angeles, and a Communist speech at Pasadena, but he was trying all the time to make prohibition speeches.

CHARGES PROVEN FALSE

MORRIS M. ESTEE AND THE COLLORED VOTERS.

Extracts From a Speech by T. B. Morton to the Afro-American League.

Efforts of the most determined kind are being made to influence the colored voters of this state to oppose Estee. When Budd made his speech here he made a special point of declaring that Estee, when in the legislature, had been unfriendly to the negro, and had labored to keep him down. Mr. Budd has not been alone in making those charges. Others have circulated them far and near, but, fortunately, they have been proved to be groundless in every case. T. B. Morton, president of the Afro-American League of San Francisco, has investigated the charges, and in a speech delivered in San Francisco showed how false they were. He is hitting abolition blows for Estee, and the colored voters generally throughout the state are in line for the success of the Republican ticket more solidly than ever before. Following is a very brief synopsis of Mr. Morton's speech, showing only the chief points.

The records in the archives of the legislature show that Estee did not oppose nor vote against the adoption of the federal constitution.

He informed the committee of the legislature that he was a Lincoln. These two charges are permanently disposed of.

There is another grave error in which the special and bitter antagonists of Mr. Estee have fallen.

They say that Mr. Estee was elected as a member of the Democratic ticket in 1873. Another mistake. Mr. Estee was not an elector on the Greeley ticket, nor an alternate nor a member of the State Central committee. The records in the archives of the legislature show that Estee did not oppose nor vote against the adoption of the federal constitution. He informed the committee of the legislature that he was a Lincoln. These two charges are permanently disposed of.

Two More Miners Dead.

SEATTLE, Wash., October 10.—Two more men are dead as a result of the dust explosion at the New Castle coal mine yesterday. They are George Dobson and David J. Boyd, and it is expected two more will die, which will bring the fatalities up to five. Glen, the colored driver, is still unconscious and cannot live long. Coroner Houghton and Mine Inspector Edmunds are on the ground and an inquest will be held. The mine will be put in shape for work tomorrow.

Wounded by a Footpad.

RESO, Nev., October 10.—Lee Hawcraft, a young man 26 years old, was shot and fatally wounded by a footpad early this evening. He was waylaid by a man with a handkerchief over his face who demanded his money. When Hawcraft said he had no money the man pulled a pistol and Hawcraft gripped him with his hands. The robber shot him through the breast and escaped. The town is full of desperate characters, and half an hour before this occurrence two ladies were attacked at the depot.

Santa Ana Races.

SANTA ANA, October 10.—Pescador won the three-quarter mile dash and repeat, Centinella second. Time, 1:15½. In the 2.27 class the first heat was a dead heat between Willie W. and John W. The race was unfinished, Willie W. winning two heats, with Abner second, Gray Jim third. Best time, 2:17½.

Catholics Attacked by Baptists.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The Central Baptist Association resumed its session here today. Reports on Chinese missions and home missionary work were read. In a discussion of the latter report Rev. Ray Palmer of Stockton attacked the Catholic church, and accused Protestant denominations of sleeping while the church of Rome is pillaging the country in an embrace that it may soon be impossible to loosen.

Manufacturing Company Assigns.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—The Phelps Manufacturing Company, iron foundry and bridge and cable car builders, assigned to F. G. J. Marston today for the benefit of their creditors. Neither the assets nor liabilities are stated. The company has been financially embarrassed for some time.

Budd at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—Thousands of Democrats filled Union hall last night to listen to James H. Budd and William Jeter, candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor. The speakers were given a rousing reception and their arguments were loudly applauded.

Western Passenger Association.

CHICAGO, October 10.—At the meeting of the Western Passenger Association today the proposition of the Illinois Central to put in effect a round trip rate to California from Chicago of \$100 via New Orleans was defeated.

ANOTHER ROBBERY.

A Train Held Up Near Sacramento.

FOUR SACKS OF COIN SECURED

The Robbers Escape by Taking Possession of the Engine.

SACRAMENTO, October 11.—The east-bound overland train due here at 9 p.m. was held up by two masked men about six miles below Sacramento tonight. The track walker was first robbed and then forced to flag the train. The robbers then covered the engineer and fireman with guns and compelled them to accompany them to the express car. Messenger Page shot twice at the bandits and came near losing his life from a shot fired in return. The engineer and fireman called to Page to open the door as the robbers were going to shoot them if he did not and also were preparing to blow up the car with dynamite. He complied with their request, in order to save their lives, and the robbers looted the car of four bags of gold, the amount of which is not known. They then cut the engine loose, boarded it and ran it low along this city several miles. The engine was then reversed and sent on a wild run toward the train, but by the time it had reached its destination the steam had run so low that the collision caused little damage. The robbers made good their escape. The train arrived here at 12:30. The Oregon express was not molested.

LAKEPORT STAGE ROBBED

The Robber Captured After a Short Chase.

UKIAH, October 11.—The Lakeport stage was held up today by a lone highwayman. The stage was stopped two miles from Pieta station on its way to Lakeport. The robber had built a stone blockade across the road, and when the stage stopped he appeared enveloped in a grain sack and demanded the express box. It was given him, and the stage returned to Pieta. Constables Vagstad and Cantrell immediately started after the robber, but caught him after a short chase. He was taken to Pieta, where it is said he acknowledged having committed the crime. One hand was badly wounded by breaking open the express box and another finger lost. The robber says his name is Brown.

W.C.T.U. State Officers.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., October 10.—The W.C.T.U. today elected the following state officers: President, Mrs. Starte; vice president, Mrs. J. S. Spencer of San Francisco; corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. E. Brown of San Francisco; treasurer, Mrs. Emily Hoggan of Yolo; auditor, Mrs. S. C. Sanford of Oakland; first vice president, Mrs. E. G. Greene of Santa Cruz; second vice president, Mrs. S. J. Churchill of San Jose.

A Man Shot Three Times.

WOODLAND, Or., October 10.—Arthur Oshinsky shot Henry Green three times on his ranch, twelve miles west of Dunnigan, this morning. Oshinsky claimed that Green had stolen his horse, but the jury found him guilty of murder. One of the bullets took effect in the stomach, one in the shoulder and the other in the foot. Green will recover.

Great Enthusiasm for Estee.

RED BLUFF, October 11.—The greatest enthusiasm has prevailed in this town since the arrival of M. M. Estee and party this morning, and this evening the town in its up with bon fires. Armory hall was packed with people who went to the speeches of the Republican standard bearers.

Two Prisoners Indicted.

PORTLAND, Or., October 10.—X. N. Steeves and "Bumco" Kelly, under arrest for the murder of George W. Sayre, whose body was found floating in the river last Friday, were indicted today by the grand jury.

The Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 10.—Wheat—Inactive; May, 82½¢. Barley—Inactive; May, 87½¢. Corn, \$1.30. Bran, \$14.50 a ton.

Morton Accepts.

NEW YORK, October 10.—L. V. Morton, Republican nominee for governor, sent a formal letter of acceptance today to Warner Miller, chairman of the Republican state committee.

Baptists Declare Against Romanism.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 11.—The Central Baptist Association today adopted resolutions declaring it to be the duty of all true American citizens to resist the political aggressions of Romanism, and to preserve our American Republic, with all its free institutions, uninjured, to the coming generation.

A Sheep Shearer, Whose Name Could Not Be Ascertained, was Robbed Yesterday Morning by Four Lugs in the Park west of Chinatown.

A sheep shearer, whose name could not be ascertained, was robbed yesterday morning by four lugs in the park west of Chinatown.

The Gun Went Off.

SAN RAFAEL, October 11.—N. Strauss, who was driving along the road four miles from here today, spotted some quail in the brush, and taking his shotgun from the car went after him. When he returned he got in first, and in drawing his gun after him the trigger caught on the step, and now Strauss is suffering from a severe wound in the shoulder and is liable to lose his arm.

Baptists Declare Against Romanism.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 11.—The Central Baptist Association today adopted resolutions declaring it to be the duty of all true American citizens to resist the political aggressions of Romanism, and to preserve our American Republic, with all its free institutions, uninjured, to the coming generation.

A Sheep Shearer, Whose Name Could Not Be Ascertained, was Robbed Yesterday Morning by Four Lugs in the Park west of Chinatown.

A sheep shearer, whose name could not be ascertained, was robbed yesterday morning by four lugs in the park west of Chinatown.

The Gun Went Off.

SAN RAFAEL, October 11.—N. Strauss, who was driving along the road four miles from here today, spotted some quail in the brush, and taking his shotgun from the car went after him. When he returned he got in first, and in drawing his gun after him the trigger caught on the step, and now Strauss is suffering from a severe wound in the shoulder and is liable to lose his arm.

Baptists Declare Against Romanism.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 11.—The Central Baptist Association today adopted resolutions declaring it to be the duty of all true American citizens to resist the political aggressions of Romanism, and to preserve our American Republic, with all its free institutions, uninjured, to the coming generation.

A Sheep Shearer, Whose Name Could Not Be Ascertained, was Robbed Yesterday Morning by Four Lugs in the Park west of Chinatown.

A sheep shearer, whose name could not be ascertained, was robbed yesterday morning by four lugs in the park west of Chinatown.

HILL'S BUGLE SOUNDED.

A Campaign of Facts and Arguments Promised.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., October 11.—Senator David B. Hill sounded the keynote of his campaign for governor tonight, and with his address opened a partisan battle that promises to be historical in the annals of state politics. He spoke in Alhambra rink, which held 3000 people, while as many more were outside unable to gain entrance. When Hill was introduced he was cheered for many minutes, and during his speech allusions to Cleveland, Flower and the A.P.A. were greeted with tumultuous applause. He said his would be a campaign of facts and arguments rather than one of vilification and vituperation.

He referred to his opponent, ex-Vice President Morton, as a genial and able man, but said he had been selected by Thomas Platt and it was the voice of Levi, but the hand of Thomas. Everybody knows the real candidate for governor is not Morton, but Platt himself. He referred to Morton's early life in Vermont and New Hampshire where there was great opposition to Catholics, and said it was not impossible that the early narrow associations of Vermont and the prescriptive sentiments of New England would have influenced his convictions upon certain public questions and led to his selection in this particular crisis.

Hill denounced the A. P. A., and said it was fostered by the Republicans. He denied that the Democratic party was responsible for the hard times, and said they were the result of Republican legislation. Now that the Sherman bill and McKinley bill have been repealed, the country is suffering from hard times. The Wilson bill is much better than the McKinley bill, and should be given a fair trial during the next two years, and a Democratic house and senate should be chosen to give the country industrial peace. Every man should understand that another general or extended tariff revision is not contemplated by the Democrats now or in the future. Hill pledged himself to uphold reason wherever found, and said that to secure the victory which awaits us we must organize, organize, organize.

Attempted Train Robbery.

DAVIES, October 11.—Three men who attempted to wreck and rob the Santa Fe passenger train near this city this morning are escapes from the county jail. They sawed their way through the iron bars and escaped by the rear window. The leader is Jim Bartlett, who served a term in San Quentin. After breaking jail they broke into a store at Littleton, ten miles distant, and stole goods worth \$1000. They were followed by deputy sheriffs and on their trail through a mountainous country. The escaped convicts stole guns and a light is probable if they are overtaken.

Victim of a Deer Trap.

REDAWOOD, October 11.—L. K. Hann, son of D. N. Hann, editor of the Populist, a local paper, was accidentally shot and killed yesterday at Castle. He fell victim of a deadly trap which he had set for the purpose of killing deer. He had loaded his rifle and was about to pull the trigger when a string connected with a bait which he had set for deer. Hearing the report of the gun Hann ran to the trap. Supposing both barrels had been discharged he went directly to the bait. He struck the string and instantly the other barrel of the gun was discharged. The charge blew away the fleshy part of one of his legs, severing the main artery and he bled to death before assistance could reach

FRESNO WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

By the Fresno Republican Publishing Co.
The Great Republic of Central California.
101 Tulare Street.

Largest Circulation. The Most News.

Weekly Republican, one year, by mail, \$7.50.
Daily Republican, six months, by mail, \$3.00.
Daily Republican, one year, by mail, \$5.00.
Daily Republican, six months, by mail, \$3.00.

This result of our sale and the

above of a candidate for office in the

public press will be shown in the in-

creased majority which will be given

Jay Scott for sheriff.

If Dave Hill should be elected gov-

ernor of New York, the Cleveland can-

didate may well make up their

minds that he will be the next nomi-

nate of the Democratic party for President.

It has not been for the refusal of a

Republican governor to sign the bills

passed by the last Democratic legis-

lature the state would have been prac-

tically bankrupt by legislative extrava-

gance.

In his public addresses Mr. Eatee

treats Jim Budd with the courtesy due

from one gentleman to another. In

view of the character of Mr. Budd's

speech last night it appears that Mr.

Eatee has made a mistake.

One of the peculiarities of this cam-

paign is the bitterness with which the

collar-wearing press is engaged in de-

nouncing candidates alleged to be in

sympathy with the railroad company.

Furthermore the campaign advances

the stronger the Republican county

ticket becomes with the people. That

is an advantage which comes from non-

involvement and reliable citizens for

office. The more familiar the voters be-

come with the ticket the better they

like it.

This Republican has not a word to say

against Mr. Budd personally or profes-

sionally. He is doubtless a very suc-

cessful lawyer, but if he is not a pettifog-

ger in politics, and a second rate pettifog-

ger at that, he is leading the public to be-

lieve that he is by making stumpy

speeches devoted to coarse criticism of

his opponent and high bids for Populist

votes.

During his long service as postmaster

of this city N. W. Moody demonstrated

to the people of the county, regardless

of what their political views might be,

his thorough ability and conscientious

devotion to his duties as a public officer.

No man in Fresno county is more de-

serving of the confidence and support of

the voters of Fresno county than Mr.

Moody.

It is going to be useless for anybody

to claim that a fair examination and

discussion of the official acts and records

of a candidate for office is "unfair and

indecent abuse." The people have a

right to know how any official has con-

ducted his office and to discuss his re-

cord.—Expositor.

They have, indeed. But that gives

no license to an irresponsible newspaper

to persistently attempt to deceive the

public in regard to the record of officials

who do not comply with its require-

ments. When the Expositor admits

that it has attempted to deceive the

voters of this county by charging to the

expenses of the sheriff's office a deputy

appointed by the supervisors to care for

the court house park, and another de-

puty who was dismissed with many

months ago, and that all the salaries

and other expenses not fixed by a state

law which was passed by the aid of a

sack raised by Democratic office holders

of this county, are under the control of

the Democratic board of supervisors, it

will then and not till then be in a po-

sition to talk about giving the people in-

formation to which they are entitled.

What the people want and what they

are entitled to is correct information,

not barefaced falsehood mixed with

scurrilous abuse.

About 10,000 clock makers in New

York have struck against a reduction of

wages. The Wilson bill lowered the

tariff on clocks ten per cent. The ex-

cuse for this was that people must have

cheaper clothing. One of the first

effects of the cut in the tariff on clocks

is that 10,000 laborers must accept

lower wages or quit work. They will

probably remain on the strike till they

are starved into work at the reduced

wages and they will then go back, and

accept the Democratic boon of cheaper

goods and lower wages. Even if the

laborer must compete with workmen

in the shops and factories of

Europe where wages are regulated on

the scale of bare subsistence, it is but

the logical result of free trade. The

New York clock makers are only an ex-

ample. There are hundreds of thou-

sands of other workmen in this country

who are beginning to understand the

true meaning of Democratic tariff re-

duction. They are learning that it is

possible to buy in the cheapest market

till they buy themselves into the poor-

house. Nobody prospers on low wages,

neither the producer nor the consumer.

As a general rule, those who vote for

cheaper goods vote for lower wages.

The Expositor in its issue of last

evening claims to have investigated a

matter relating to the management of

the sheriff's office, and makes the state-

ment that Sheriff Scott has been ex-

ercising the pardoning power and re-

leasing prisoners from the county jail

before their term of sentence has expired.

In proof it charges it cites the case of

one Andrew Rader, who, it says, was

sentenced to a term of twenty-five days

by Judge Harris for receiving stolen

property, and was turned loose to prey

upon a helpless public after having

served some twelve days of the time.

If there were any palatial circum-

stances or conditions surrounding this

alleged release the Expositor does not

mention them, but broadly insinuates

that Sheriff Scott is in the habit of

turning prisoners loose in order to

have them use their influence for his re-

election. Sheriff Scott was absent from

the city yesterday, and the Expositor

has not yet had the opportunity to in-

vestigate the matter, but on the broad

grounds of the Expositor's habitual un-

truthfulness and lack of common de-

cency it feels able in saying that this

story, like many others related by that

paper, is but half told, and that delib-

erate suppression and distortion of facts

enable it to again launch forth one of

its peculiarly distasteful slanders against

a faithful and diligent officer.

THE COMPACT BROKEN.

The Republican this morning gives its readers the information that the Raisin Growers' and Packers' Association, in a star-chamber session held yesterday, adopted a resolution authorizing association packers to meet the price of all outside packers and dealers who are engaged in cutting prices, excepting on three-crown London layers and four-crown loaves, of which there is a limited supply.

This action, of course, is in direct opposition to one of the chief purposes for which the organization was effected, and, so far as the obligation between the packers and the growers is concerned, virtually puts an end to it. A combination which throws the gates open to indiscriminate competition is no combination at all.

The Republican has advocated the cause of this organization earnestly and in good faith, but it has recently had grave reasons for believing that matters were going in a way that meant the downfall of an undertaking which we believe to be of vital importance to the welfare of the raisin growers, not only of this county, but of the state. The fact that the press was strictly excluded from the directors' meetings, and that false and misleading reports were given out as actual transactions, was certainly cause enough for questioning the permanence of the institution, and yesterday's transaction and the attempt to suppress information regarding it can leave no further doubt.

This paper will not at this time pretend to say what the causes are which have led to the apparent collapse of this laudable and essential enterprise. It is claimed on the one hand that the growers have ignored their pledge to the association, and by selling their raisins to outsiders have undermined the combination and left it no ground to stand upon; while on the other hand it is charged that there has been no honest purpose on the part of the packers to do anything more than gain some temporary advantage for themselves in the way of contracts and then permit the bottom to drop out and the slaughter to go on as usual.

The question of responsibility is not one to be decided hastily. From the information at hand at the present time it looks very much as though there had been a lack of good faith on both sides. Be that as it may, the raisin growers are entitled to the news which the Republican gives them this morning.

The Selma Irrigator is now rehearsing the Expositor's figures to show that there has been more expense for clothes, medicine and other jail incidentals under the administration of Sheriff Scott than there was under that of Sheriff Hensley. The Irrigator appears to overlook the fact that a truth half told is often the worst kind of a lie. It did cost less to run an empty jail under Sheriff Hensley than it does to run one full of criminals under Sheriff Scott. When Hensley was sheriff the criminals were taking care of themselves on the outside of the jail by the practically unrestricted commission of every crime on the calendar, from petty larceny to midnight assassination. When Sheriff Scott went into office a perfect state of crime reigned in the county; neither life nor property was safe, and the reputation of the county abroad suffered almost irreparable injury. Under his vigorous administration all this was changed. Crime was ferreted out and criminals were brought to justice. An organized band of thieves and cutthroats, which had been enjoying uninterrupted sway for several years, was broken up and several of them landed in states prison. The beneficial effect of a vigorous policy in the sheriff's office was noticeable at once, and improvement has continued until now there is no county in the state where the law is more generally observed or where life and property are better protected. It has cost the county a few hundred dollars more to run a jail when crime is punished than when it went unpunished. An empty jail can be run cheaply. If the voters of Fresno believe that Jay Scott should be condemned for doing what he has to do under Fresno county from a reign of criminality that has no parallel in the modern history of the Pacific coast, they have it in their power to do so at the coming election. We do not think they will do it.

Mr. Budd bids high for Populist and Prohibition votes, but is not likely to get many of either kind. The endorsement of Cleveland's record on silver is hardly calculated to win Populist votes for Democratic candidates in this state, and as for the Prohibitionists—well, they condemn Mr. Eatee and Mr. Webster for making wine and looking upon it when it is red—and it is not likely that they will vote for Mr. Budd, who is not chosen as a "crank," because of his aversion to the stuff produced by other gubernatorial candidates.

After Mr. Phillips concluded his address, Mr. McMillan pronounced three cheers for James H. Budd and turned the audience over to the Prohibitionists.—Expositor.

Strange as it may seem, this is exactly as it occurred. The only thing which intervened between the proposal for a deed and the Prohibition orator was a dead cold front. There was plenty of cheering for Mr. Budd on the street, but that was before he had made his speech.

Farmers who acted on the advice of Democratic papers to "vote for Cleveland and \$1.25 for wheat," are not anxiously seeking advice from the same source. They would prefer to have those "organs" of Grover pungle up the difference between 50 cents and \$1.25.

Mr. Budd and his huckster have been denigrated by a Maryland candidate for congress who is making his campaign on a bicycle. Walking seems to be about the only thing left in the way of sensational denigration for candidates.

UNREASONING PREJUDICE.

The Oakland Times, in commenting on the treatment which Alvinia Hayward is receiving from the public and press, cites it as an example of the senseless abuse to which enterprising men must submit. Mr. Hayward made his money in the most legitimate lines of business, and in ways which no man has called dishonest. He has dug the precious metal from the mines. He has always been a developer of resources, a creator of industries, an employer of labor, a builder of works, and in every sense of the word has been a friend of those who labor, a benefactor of the public, and a leader in the development and progress of the section of the country where he has lived. He has paid hundreds of thousands of dollars to his employees, and he never cut wages, never exacted an extra hour's work, never asked a man to wait for his money after he had earned it, and in every way he has been a public spirited man, honest, enterprising and progressive. Notwithstanding all this, he has again and again been made the target of personal abuse by those whom he never injured, and by many to whom he had been a friend and benefactor.

This is but one application of a general principle that men are always ready to abuse the man who has been more successful than themselves. They seldom stop to question whether or not he acquired his success honestly or dishonestly. The very fact that he has risen above his surroundings is sufficient warrant for his vilification. It is so the world over. It has always been so since Cain killed Abel through jealousy at Abel's success. It probably will always be so, although it is to be hoped that a time will come in the future when broader conceptions of human rights will take the place of narrow and senseless envy.

A rich man is not necessarily a rascal. Some of the best men have been wealthy. Peabody used his millions to educate the rising generation of the Southern states. Lord Rosse and James Lick spent largely from their wealth to advance science. Rich men have founded and endowed most of the schools for higher education in this country. The great manufacturing establishments are backed by money, and wealthy men supply the money. They do not do it for philanthropy's sake in the majority of cases, but the fact remains that the hundreds of thousands of people who live on employment given by factories, foundries, railroads, large mines, lines of steamers and shipping, and by other concerns that rise to the dignity of great enterprises, are the beneficiaries of business sagacity combined with larger capital. Destroy the men who are rich and the laborer's employment is gone. The very nature, wool and web of our nineteenth century civilization is built on large aggregations of capital, and this capital belongs to men who are successful as money makers. Some of these men are unprincipled, selfish and mean. So are some of the men who are employed by them. There are mean poor men as well as mean rich men, and it is as foolish to hate a man because he is rich as to abuse him because he is poor. The wealth or the poverty of a man does not make him good or bad. He is that independently of what he does or does not possess.

There is a large class of people—a class made up of many subclasses—who are so unfortunately constituted that their energies are not so largely devoted to efforts to better their own conditions as they are to pulling down all who have surpassed them in wealth, socially, intellectually, or morally. They feel their lack of success but refuse to admit the real cause of it, yet their actions are a louder admission than any words could be. They want to see all men off to the same length like cordwood, but being unable to do so, they put in their time slandering and abusing all who are successful, never stopping to ask if those they hate are worthy or unworthy. It seems to be the common fate that "he who succeeds to advantage will find that the fittest peak most wrapped in clouds." It is fully conceded that those who rise to power and place are often less worthy than those who do not, but that furnishes no excuse for the debasing and injurious sentiment of indiscriminate hate and envy of the men as a class whose energy, intelligence and capital keeps the wheels of industry in motion, and to that extent contributes to the better condition of the whole people.

ARE THINKING ABOUT IT?

A good many Democrats who do not think exclusively with their mouths are wearing a very serious expression since they listened to Mr. Budd's speech in the opera-house Saturday night. Their unusual gravity is due to the character of the candidate's speech.

They are asking themselves very seriously if a man who appears before the people and devotes a large part of a political address to coarse and vindictive criticism of an opponent and another part to a strong bid for the votes of a party of radically dissimilar principles, is really the sort of man to make a governor of a great state. A good many of them are answering that question, too, and in a way that is unfavorable to the aspirations of Mr. Budd. They very rightly argue that a man who expects to get office and high honor by the tactics of a second-rate pettifogger is not the man for governor. A splendid reception was given Mr. Budd by the Democrats of Fresno county, but the creditable part of the affair began and ended with the parade, the red lights and the tin horns.

Mr. Budd's speech was neither creditable to himself nor the party. He would have gained votes by not making it.

"Well, I'm a Democrat, and intended to vote for Jim Budd, but that speech settles it; I've got to vote for somebody else." That is the remark of a good Democrat from Fowler, made to a Republican as they came out of the opera house Saturday night. He voiced the sentiment of more Democrats than the Buddhists would care to admit.

Those people who heard Jim Budd's speech now know what huckster and statesmanship means.

Mr. Budd is playing to the galleries, but the majority of the voters are not there.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

The office of county surveyor is one of the most important. This may not seem to be the case to those not intimately acquainted with the work to be done. It must be accurate, thorough, and it must be done with justice to all. The surveyor has it in his power to take from one man and give to another, or to take from all and give to the county, or from the county and give to them, and his report in nearly all things is final. Thus it is of the greatest importance that the county surveyor should be a man competent to do the work and at the same time he should be capable of deciding justly between man and man.

George L. Hoxie, the present incumbent, and Republican nominee for reelection, has shown his sterling worth during the two years he has been county surveyor. There is not an officer in Fresno county who works harder than he. Not only is his office work heavy, but he takes the field with his theodolite, and he considers a day's work to last from daylight till dark, uphill and down, rain or shine. He is a young man of energy and perseverance, and Fresno county may well feel a pride in his success. He was born at Millerton in 1864, and has spent the most of his life here, except a time at school in Massachusetts. He learned civil engineering under the best practical teachers, and largely by practical experience.

The best proof of a man's qualifications is not what he promises to do, but what he has done. The county surveyor's office, since Mr. Hoxie took charge, has been carefully and intelligently kept. He has brought about three reforms that deserve special mention, and any one of which would be a good record for one term. When he went into office he was; and had been the custom to file deeds for rights of way for roads in the recorder's office just as the same, and without any particular investigation as to the land actually conveyed by each deed. The county pays \$3 to the man who gives each right of way and makes a deed for it. When Mr. Hoxie came into office he discovered that many void deeds were being filed. Men who did not own the land at all gave deeds for rights of way, and collected \$3. In one instance it was found that five different men had decided the same right of way to the county and collected their \$3 each. Four of the deeds were worthless. The making of deeds for rights of way was a lucrative business, and it was next to impossible to find in the recorder's office a correct abstract of title for some of the rights of way.

Mr. Hoxie changed all this at one move. All deeds for rights of way now must pass through his office. Those which are correct, he passes; those which are not, he goes back to the makers. He keeps a deed book for rights of way, and by this reform, he has saved the county hundreds of dollars and great confusion. On one road alone he saved the county \$500 by showing that the county already owned the right of way it was about to buy over again. This is just what a county surveyor is for, and herein lies the difference between a competent and an incompetent one.

Another important reform inaugurated by Mr. Hoxie was the keeping of a road calendar in his office, containing a full record of all the supervisors do with regard to roads. This contains a complete history of every road from the time it was first petitioned for till the present. This was never done before in this county. The supervisors, of course, kept the record of roads scattered here and there through all their proceedings, but it was a hard matter to find and follow the proceedings in any particular road. Mr. Hoxie has all this in neat and compact form.

Another very important reform, from the standpoint of cost, has been made by the present surveyor. The old method was to send him a dozen men with him when he went to survey a road, two of whom were "viewers." They had nothing else to do but ride along and make their report. Mr. Hoxie has abolished that article of luxury. He selects two chain carriers who have sufficient intelligence to do the viewing also, and they do both, and with only the pay of chain carriers. He gets along with never more than four men, and usually three, whereas the former custom was to take six. This is a saving to the county of \$1 a day for the most of the year.

The amount of work done by Mr. Hoxie has been enormous, probably nearly double that of any other county surveyor preceding him. He has done some exceptionally fine work. The Sequoia road is a sample. It was built by contract, at his recommendation, and was constructed for nearly \$8000 less than if done by day's work. Mr. Hoxie always recommends that road construction be done by contract. Other roads surveyed by Mr. Hoxie, which deserve mention on account of their importance, are the Jennings road, beyond Big Sandy; the Jennings road, on Pine Ridge; the Tivy and Lower Mill creek roads.

Mr. Hoxie, as a candidate for reelection, stands squarely on his record during the two years he has held the office. His work has been satisfactory. He has never had one of his recommendations for damages in right of way condemnations lowered by the supervisors. No road he has ever surveyed for the county is in dispute as to lines.

He is a man of accuracy and justice, and he is an officer whom the people of Fresno county need just where he is, and he is ready to serve them in the future as faithfully as in the past.

The Democratic newspapers have undertaken a hopeless task when they attempted to make the people believe that Congressman Bowser has not honestly and earnestly voiced the will of the people of this district on the various issues which have come before the house of representatives. The people have been taking great interest in watching the course of their representative, and they cannot be easily deceived. No member of congress who was not thoroughly independent of the influence of the corporations and of political cabals could have taken the course which Congressman Bowser has on the funding bill, railroad land grants, etc. The fact is that Bowser's record is above question, and attacks made upon him will be refuted by the voters of all parties who believe in giving credit to a public man who is faithful to the trust imposed in him by the people.

The Democrats decline to discuss national issues because they dare not discuss them.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

The evening journal says that no one has accused Mayor W. R. Clark of Stockton, Republican nominee for railroad commissioner, "of being anti-railroad except for revenue." So far as our information goes the Expositor has no more ground for making such a charge than the Republican would have for making a similar charge against W. W. Phillips, the Democratic nominee.

No man can say that either one of these candidates are "anti railroad" until they have been tried. If there be any foundation for the Expositor's insinuation that there are people who know Mr. Clark who believe that he will not do his duty if elected, the same can be said of Mr. Phillips with absolute truthfulness. No one is better informed than the Expositor in regard to the number of Democrats in Fresno who do not expect any unusual benefits in the event of Mr. Phillips' election. Because of this fact it does not necessarily follow that Mr. Phillips will not do his duty should he become a member of the railroad commission. Nor do these opinions give the Republican license to say that he will not.

This paper does not propose to promise the voters of this valley that Mr. Clark will relieve them from the unjust burdens which are imposed upon them, for it does not know that he will do so, nor does it, because there are considerable numbers of Mr. Phillips' fellow Democrats who doubt his sincerity, propose to say that he will not keep his promises. That sort of thing is all right for a scurrilous and irresponsible partisan organ, but it is not in line with the policy of this paper.

Of the two candidates Mr. Clark is the one who has a public record, and we are reliably informed that he has been instrumental in securing the enforcement of municipal regulations in Stockton that were decidedly opposed by the Southern Pacific company. His record, therefore, is in his favor. Mr. Phillips has never been put to the test in any public capacity, and must therefore be judged entirely by the estimate placed upon him by those who know him in his private business relations. In this respect the Republican has no more excuse for attacking him than the Expositor has for assailing Mayor Clark.

Probably the worst thing that can be said of Mr. Phillips as a candidate for railroad commissioner is that he apparently has the support of the Expositor.

THE BUDD DEMONSTRATION.

The Democratic candidate for governor should feel highly complimented by the big parade given in his honor last night. While there were not an unusual number of voters in line, the display was alike creditable to the extraordinary and untiring efforts put forth by the central committee and the popularity of the candidate with that element in the party which takes delight in the noise and excitement, the red fire and the horns of a political parade.

It is safe to say that had the first choice of the Democratic party, Judge Jackson Temple, been the nominee for governor, that last night's demonstration would have been materially smaller than it was. Not but that Judge Temple would have received more votes than will Mr. Budd, but that the quiet and strictly intellectual men of his class do not arouse the enthusiasm of the noisy and demonstrative element in a political party. While men of the mature thought, the dignity and sterling character of Judge Temple, for instance, are pre-eminently fitted to fill the position of chief executive of the state, they do not appeal to the horn-blowers and torch-bearers as do younger men and "devilish good fellows" of the class to which Jim Budd belongs. As a rule they are much more prone to entrust with the governorship of a state, but in the nature of things they do not arouse the enthusiasm of people who habitually express their sentiments in political parades.

For the parade last night, such as it was, the credit is due to the efforts of the committee and the popularity of Mr. Budd among political whoopees.—It has very little significance indeed when it comes to the serious matter of voting on the 6th of November.

The Expositor in last night's issue repeats its unfounded attack upon Mayor Clark of Stockton, the Republican nominee for railroad commissioner, and without offering a cinch of proof repeats its scurrilous charge of the night before. The Republican has made its position perfectly clear on this question, and has nothing to explain. The reckless mendacity of the Expositor cuts no figure in the case. The information that we have concerning Mr. Clark is that in his official capacity he has energetically opposed the wishes of the Southern Pacific company. As a candidate for railroad commissioner, that is in his favor. He has been viciously assailed by the Expositor. This is

THE SUPERVISORS.

Clerk Shepherd on the Great Register Printing Job.

RE HAD IT ALL FIXED

The Circus Trick Will Not Be Repeated—A Holograph of Coyote Scapls.

The full board of supervisors was present yesterday, and the first business was of a character to be transacted in executive session and in the open air at that.

The next circus that comes this way will find it a hard matter to cheat the county out of \$400, as the last one did. The county ordinance first the circus license at \$3.00 for each performance, and the side-show license at \$25.

To prevent any recurrence of this game the supervisors have caused a new ordinance, No. 57, to be drafted, of which the following are the provisions: Section 11 of ordinance 51 entitled an ordinance establishing and fixing rates for the collection of animals not in the city limits, is amended to read as follows:

"The managers or agents or owners of every traveling exhibition or entertainment shall pay a license tax as follows: For every exhibition of a caravan or menagerie, or collection of animals, \$300. For each exhibition of a circus not included or combined with a menagerie or collection of animals \$800. For each exhibition of a circus, including a menagerie, or menagerie or collection of animals \$300.

For every side show to a circus or menagerie where a separate admission fee is charged, \$25.

The supervisors are also considering the advisability of drafting an amended ordinance in reference to the amount to be paid for saloon licenses. The matter was brought up yesterday, but Mr. Butler pointed out that the board had already passed a resolution postponing the question of saloon licenses for a month, and motion of Mr. S. J. Harrison was carried.

The following are the essential features of the new regulations as proposed: There are to be four saloon licenses in the city, each making sales to the amount of \$10,000 a month average; second, those making sales to the amount of \$5000 monthly and not exceeding \$10,000; third, those making sales to the amount of \$2500 monthly and not exceeding \$5000; fourth, those making sales to the amount of \$1000 monthly and not exceeding \$2500; fifth, those making sales to the amount of \$500 monthly and not exceeding \$1000.

The receiving and opening of bids for printing the great register, as advertised for, was the next order of business. When the bids were received, it was found that there was no quorum, and it was not till 3 o'clock that the full board was present.

J. W. Ferguson of the Expositor rose to protest against the opening of the bids. He said that the contract for printing the great register had been given to the Expositor by the county clerk, and the proprietors of that paper had already incurred expense in preparing the register. As for the bids, the board was bound by the schedule fixed after a conference with the printers and publishers of the newspapers on October 28th of last year. He said that at any rate there was an implied contract.

Attorney E. D. Edwards spoke in support of Mr. Ferguson's contention. Chairman Fletcher thought the proper thing to do would be to open the bids without prejudice. Mr. Ferguson then withdrew his protest.

Mr. Harrison then moved that the board be adjourned until the next day. This motion was carried. The board then adjourned.

Mr. Harrison was very unfortunate in losing his valuable trousers in the city of Fresno, October 9, 1894.

YOM KIPPER.

Fresno Hebrews Observe the Day of Atonement.

At sundown yesterday the Hebrews of Fresno closed a fast observed with even more rigor than certain Christian sects in Lent. The day that closed at 5:30 p.m. yesterday is the most solemn and important holiday known to the Jewish faith. It lasted exactly twenty-four hours, from sunset of one day till sunset of the next, the Oriental day being reckoned from sunset.

The Jews call this solemn occasion Yom Kippur. It occurs ten days after the Hebrew New Year's day, known as Rosh Hashana. It is a day of fasting and prayer. The Jews call this solemn occasion Yom Kippur. It occurs ten days after the Hebrew New Year's day, known as Rosh Hashana. It is a day of fasting and prayer.

Robbery in Kingsburg.

Yesterday morning between 1 and 2 o'clock a thief or thieves effected an entrance to the saloon of Jack Morrison at Kingsburg, and stole a small sum of money and a few other things. They were tracked in the direction of Hanford, but at latest accounts all trace of them had been lost.

THE VALLEY RAILROAD.

Figures and Estimates on the Cost of Freight.

From the San Francisco Examiner.

If there are any who doubt the value of the San Joaquin Valley railroad to the San Francisco a brief inquiry into the present conditions of transportation will convince them of its importance to the commerce of the port. It will give the city the benefit of the sea route, and end for the San Joaquin valley the system of rates that has forced shippers to give the railroads the longest haul.

Under the present schedules it costs more to send goods from San Francisco to the upper half of the San Joaquin valley than to bring the same goods by the San Joaquin river. It costs \$11 a ton to get goods by steamer from New York to San Francisco. It costs \$10 to \$17 to get the same goods by the San Joaquin valley. It costs \$8 a ton to bring iron from New York to San Francisco by the San Joaquin valley. It costs \$10 a ton to get goods by steamer from New York to San Francisco.

These are examples of the whole schedule of rates. That schedule is framed with the design of shutting the interior from the benefit of the sea carriage and of sending all freight by the San Joaquin river. It has succeeded in this design for the last few years. The railroads in the upper parts of the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys, and all California towns away from the coast and the rivers, might be a thoroughfare for the goods of the coast. They have from it as a carrier of freight.

The open water route insures cheap freights between San Francisco and the East. The overland roads can never compete with it on goods that do not require rapid transit. The coastwise route is cheap transportation to the interior to give San Francisco the markets on this side of the Rocky mountains, and far to the north and south.

The San Joaquin Valley road is a long step toward the interior. It is the control of the market that by nature belongs to her. It will give trade to San Francisco and cheaper goods to the towns and ranches. The coastwise route is cheap transportation to the interior to give San Francisco the markets on this side of the Rocky mountains, and far to the north and south.

A RANCHER FLEECE.

L. N. Fincher Parts With a Neat Sum of Coin.

L. N. Fincher, an aged rancher, residing about nine miles northeast of this city, was yesterday neatly hummed out of \$155 by two "professionals," who no doubt travel with the circus to make their business easier.

Mr. Fincher was approached by a stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by another stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a third stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a fourth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a fifth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a sixth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a seventh stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by an eighth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a ninth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a tenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by an eleventh stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twelfth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a thirteenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a fourteenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a fifteenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a sixteenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a seventeenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by an eighteenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a nineteenth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twentieth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twenty-first stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twenty-second stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twenty-third stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twenty-fourth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twenty-fifth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

Mr. Fincher was then approached by a twenty-sixth stranger, who asked him to sell him a horse. He sold him a horse for \$155. The stranger then disappeared.

A Circus Man Arrested.

W. H. Clark, a lemonsade vendor connected with the circus, was arrested last night by Policeman George A. Clark.

Charge of battery. A man came up to the lemonsade stand and ordered a drink of lemonsade. He threw down a five-cent piece in payment which the vendor took. This caused the trouble which ended in a rough and tumble fight.

The Wrong Robinson.

In the report of the proceedings of the Board of Education Tuesday evening the statement was made that C. H. Robinson appeared before that body and argued in favor of the Terry block for a high school site. The report was correct, except that the person was W. H. Robinson. C. H. Robinson is strongly in favor of the Central site for the high school.

SUNDAY CLOSING.

THE CITY TRUSTEES TO BE PETITIONED.

No Further Efforts to be Made With the Supervisors—The Probable Outcome.

From Thursday's Daily.

It is learned that the advocates of Sunday closing of saloons in this city have within the last few days effected an entire change of law, and will commence a new campaign on altogether different lines from those adopted last summer.

In that campaign certain methods were adopted, among them a system of espionage, which even the most staunch opponents of Sunday liquor dealing now admit to be unwise and un-American. Moreover, the necessity for such action is scarcely liable to arise if the plan of campaign already mapped out is carried into effect.

It will be necessary to glance for a moment at the recent history of the liquor question in Fresno city to understand why the change of law has been made, and why the new campaign has been decided to bring pressure on the city trustees and to ignore the supervisors altogether for the present.

The board of supervisors on October 1st of last year passed ordinance No. 52, which among other things prohibited the sale of intoxicating liquor after certain hours of the night and on Sundays. The application of the Sunday closing clause was equivalent to making the city regular for the city of Fresno, and the supervisors have been ruled on adversely to the supervisors. In the one instance George Scherrer, a San Jose saloon keeper, recently arrested for violating the Sunday closing ordinance, was ordered released by the supervisors, to which he had appealed on a writ of habeas corpus.

This decision was in conformity with another and previous ruling by the supervisors in the case of one Rowell, a saloon keeper of Hanford, who was arrested for violating an order of the Kings county supervisors. This order prohibited the sale of intoxicating liquor after 10 p.m. and on Sundays. Rowell was released by the supervisors, to which he had appealed on a writ of habeas corpus.

The court says: "By the organization of the city within the boundaries of the county the territory of Kings county is divided into two parts, the city of Fresno and the county of Kings. The city of Fresno is a separate and distinct entity, and the supervisors of the city are the proper authorities to regulate the sale of liquor within the city limits. The supervisors of Kings county have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

Although the supervisors have not formally recognized this ruling, since the text has not been officially before them, they have practically thrown up the sponge. They have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

Mr. Butler's campaign for reelection as supervisor is not now being made to close up the saloons in the city of Fresno. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

As a natural result of the decision of the supreme court it matters nothing to the anti-liquor people now whether every member of the Board of Supervisors be a prohibitionist or a liquor advocate. Some are animated with human feelings, as are other people; but the law must be universal in its application. Voters should act on the basis of the law, and not on the basis of human feelings.

The prohibitionists are not alone in the new move which is now being made to close up the saloons in the city of Fresno. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The promoters of the movement have been carefully measuring their chances and they find very nearly the same result. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Supervisors, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

The Board of Trustees, that is to say that there are five members of the Board of Trustees, two of whom, Adams and Herrington, are likely to oppose Sunday closing, two, Church and Hayes, are likely to support it. The supervisors have no jurisdiction over the city of Fresno, and their decision in the case of Rowell is not binding on the city of Fresno.

OPPOSED TO LIBERTY.

A Correspondent Expresses Views of the "A.P.A."

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—The absorbing interest of public opinion in the development of the new religious and political organization, currently known as the "A.P.A." Society, bids fair to obscure for a time questions of more importance to the public.

Who is there that loves his country and humanity but will deplore the encouragement that is being given to this product of fanaticism? Who is there that believes in the unalienable rights of the individual, and who is there that believes in the right of the individual to the free exercise of his religion? Who is there that believes in the right of the individual to the free exercise of his religion?

Whereas shall we defend the freedom of our government that permits the use of force to suppress the rights of the individual? Whereas shall we defend the freedom of our government that permits the use of force to suppress the rights of the individual? Whereas shall we defend the freedom of our government that permits the use of force to suppress the rights of the individual?

What shall be said of a sect that opposes in itself every principle of liberty, equity and justice to other than themselves in this, our land of freedom? The activities displayed by these enemies of liberal progress in proselytizing among illiterate and credulous people, indisputably prove that the methods adopted for forcing political and religious views upon the people are not only un-American, but they are also un-Christian.

Shall opinion be silent while this foreign hydra stands menacingly on the threshold of liberty? Or shall the expression of public obloquy bring about its speedy and permanent destruction? The intelligent development of the United States for the past fifty years has been one of promise and hope, for the perpetuity of republican institutions; for while the principles of democracy are being inculcated through the agency of the public schools among the rising generation, the people of the United States are becoming more and more enlightened.

The intelligent development of the United States for the past fifty years has been one of promise and hope, for the perpetuity of republican institutions; for while the principles of democracy are being inculcated through the agency of the public schools among the rising generation, the people of the United States are becoming more and more enlightened.

The intelligent development of the United States for the past fifty years has been one of promise and hope, for the perpetuity of republican institutions; for while the principles of democracy are being inculcated through the agency of the public schools among the rising generation, the people of the United States are becoming more and more enlightened.

The intelligent development of the United States for the past fifty years has been one of promise and hope, for the perpetuity of republican institutions; for while the principles of democracy are being inculcated through the agency of the public schools among the rising generation, the people of the United States are becoming more and more enlightened.

The intelligent development of the United States for the past fifty years has been one of promise and hope, for the perpetuity of republican institutions; for while the principles of democracy are being inculcated through the agency of the public schools among the rising generation, the people of the United States are becoming more and more enlightened.

A STAY LAW.

Such a Measure Recommended by a Correspondent.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—At Sacramento, in reply to the criticism that he did not speak on local issues, Mr. Beebe asked if there could be anything more local than an empty stomach, or a mortgaged farm, or the decreased value of land.

At this time I will only speak on "mortgaged homes," and try to point out a few suggestions, which, if followed, will bring our people relief.

My suggestion is to have a law enacted which will give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

It is in the power of our legislature to prevent these miseries from coming so suddenly upon our people, and also to give the mortgagee the right to sell the property at once, without any delay, and without any expense to the mortgagee.

CHARLEY AND BADGER.

The Champions Box At the Athletic Club.

A BATTLE OF THE GIANTS.

Science at a Discount but the Spectators Delighted—Other Interesting Events.

The members of the Fresno Athletic club turned out in force last night to witness the long tussle of contest between the feather weight champions, Charley and Badger. Incidentally, there were a number of lively bouts between other members of the club, and three wrestling matches in which the contestants displayed commendable science.

Before the contests began a directors' meeting was held, President William Glass presiding. The following new members were admitted: C. Chisholm, W. T. Mattingly, P. T. Thornhill, George K. Anderson, T. W. Grubbs, L. Cohen, H. W. Anderson, and J. W. Anderson.

Stuart Carter, lately an instructor at the Olympic club of San Francisco, was engaged as instructor for the season. Mr. Carter has a fine athletic record. The first prominently noted bout was between Charley and Badger. It was after 8 o'clock when Vice President Al Riley opened the proceedings in the gymnasium by announcing that Charley and Badger would box three rounds.

The first round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The second round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The third round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The fourth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The fifth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The sixth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The seventh round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The eighth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The ninth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The tenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The eleventh round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The twelfth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The thirteenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The fourteenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The fifteenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The sixteenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The seventeenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The eighteenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

The nineteenth round was a very close one. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring. Charley and Badger were both in the ring, and both were in the ring.

YARNS ABOUT GOULD.

INCIDENTS SHOWING CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FINANCIER.

He Avoided Newspaper Men, but a Denver Reporter Trapped Him Once—First One Man to Jim Keene—How He Learned That Whiskey Was Bad for Him.

A COMMON SCOLD.

The Expositor Gains Nothing By Its Dirty Abuse.

From the Stockton Mail.

The Fresno Expositor will gain nothing by W. W. Phillips, Democratic nominee for railroad commissioner, by abusing W. R. Clark, Republican aspirant for the same office. Mr. Clark has been twice elected Mayor of this city and enjoys the respect and good esteem of his neighbors and the public. Coarse abuse of him because he happens to be on the opposition ticket will serve only to increase his popularity among fair-minded people. The Expositor, by the way, is rapidly developing the characteristics of a common scold.

The Case of Miss A. M. Hicks. The case of Miss A. M. Hicks is attracting considerable attention in western Kentucky. For 20 years she had been principal of Clinton college and had made a reputation second to none in that section. In recent years she has become wedded to the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees.

She notified her of the conclusion of the faith cure idea, which greatly displeased the trustees. She notified her of the conclusion of the

Democratic congress. I think God

istic in
 order
 k and
 Daley
 And-
 were
 charge
 as dis-
 days
 son of
 of writ
 Dr.
 injured
 ghtland,
 and,
 and, were
 Judge
 re suit
 collect
 J and
 block 3,
 at the
 house,
 rack.
 is not
 be dan-
 were
 of de-
 yester-
 there
 n. Hi
 \$25.
 reced-
 of the
 Kun-
 mortgage
 tract.
 intil's
 runan
 Ma-
 yester-
 make
 out
 was
 to the
 about 3
 by the
 of the
 court.
 H. C.
 Mark
 sterday
 J. Long
 er the
 s' fees,
 which
 lot to
 lignant
 load of
 a and
 here he
 to was
 he was
 the fine
 l.
 RANG
 alulated
 Fresno
 3d, this
 leading
 ctire of
 est reg-
 ular
 ublican
 California
 ote the
 y know
 most
 Chinese
 Night-
 and by
 aira has
 (mocrat)
 a meet-
 omel a
 res, and
 at that
 that as
 ave him
 esirable
 by the
 s of the
 Chinese
 s out of
 the mo
 iness at
 assacre;
 June one
 cent
 y over
 money was
 e Guary
 violation
 mocratic
 legisla-
 tified our
 although
 at it cost
 he put
 the
 1890, it
 in Cali-
 friendly
 and
 affairs"
 k?
 com-"
 CH
 e Demo-
 and not
 R. Hart
 ing Dem-
 ing. It
 rable in-
 at justice
 the Ward
 ation re-
 asion, as
 ad at the
 m.
 th,
 , J. E.
 today
 miners of
 Bowers,
 supreme
 since for
 the Ward
 railroad
 e Webb
 und Mr.
 at during
 he prom-
 and the
 their re-
 s during
 democrats
 icrally
 ub.
 Fresno
 a honoe,
 ublican
 organized
 asioned
 speaking,
 l a good
 the
 do their
 cause of

